

**MULTIPLE CHOICE
QUESTION PAPER**



Paper number: SAMPLE 4 Please ensure that this paper number is referenced on your candidate answer sheet	Time allocation: 45 minutes
Title: <p style="text-align: center;">Level 2 Anatomy and Physiology for Exercise and Fitness Instructors (K/616/7823) - Sample Assessment Materials</p>	
Student: XXXXXX Sample 4	
Special Instructions: <p>This asample sssessment contains 30 multiple-choice questions. You need to correctly answer 21 out of 30 questions (70%) to pass.</p> <p>Each question is worth one mark. You should select one response (a, b, c or d) for each question and record this on your answer sheet. Please do not write on the question paper.</p> <p>Try to answer all questions and check your responses, if you have time to do so.</p>	

- Q1** Which of the following statements about synovial joints is true?
- a) The hip is an example of a saddle joint
 - b) The elbow is an example of gliding joint
 - c) The knee is an example of a hinge joint**
 - d) The shoulder is an example of a pivot joint
- Q2** Which of the following statements about the nervous system is true?
- a) Blood pressure is controlled by the somatic system
 - b) Blood pressure is controlled by the autonomic system**
 - c) Skeletal muscle contraction is controlled by the parasympathetic nervous system
 - d) Skeletal muscle contraction is controlled by the sympathetic nervous system
- Q3** Which of the following describes the 'all-or-none' law?
- a) An action potential will maximally innervate a percentage of muscle fibres within a single motor unit
 - b) An action potential will maximally innervate all muscle fibres within every motor unit
 - c) An action potential will maximally innervate all muscle fibres within a single motor unit**
 - d) An action potential will maximally innervate a percentage of muscle fibres within every motor unit
- Q4** Which of the following describes a function of skeletal muscle?
- a) They relax and lengthen to perform a role as a fixator
 - b) They relax and lengthen to perform a role as a synergist
 - c) They contract and shorten to perform a role as a prime mover**
 - d) They contract and shorten to perform a role as an antagonist
- Q5** Which of the following correctly describes the structure of synovial joints?
- a) Tendons attach bone to bone
 - b) The synovial membrane prevents friction during movement
 - c) The articular cartilage provides stability to the joint
 - d) Ligaments provide stability to the joint**

- Q6** Which of the following correctly describes the process of diffusion in the lungs?
- a) Diffusion is the movement of molecules from an area of lesser concentration to an area of higher concentration
 - b) Diffusion involves the movement of oxygen into the capillaries to be expelled by the lungs
 - c) Diffusion involves the movement of carbon dioxide into the capillaries to be used by the body
 - d) Diffusion is the movement of molecules from an area of greater concentration to an area of lesser concentration**
- Q7** Which of the following describes a function of the skeleton?
- a) The flat bones act as a levers for movement
 - b) The irregular bones act as strong attachment points for muscles
 - c) The long bones act as a levers for movement**
 - d) The short bones act as strong attachment points for muscles
- Q8** Which of the following describes how blood moves through the four chambers of the heart?
- a) Oxygenated blood from the left atria moves to the right ventricle
 - b) Deoxygenated blood from the left atria moves to the right ventricle
 - c) Oxygenated blood from the left atria moves to the left ventricle**
 - d) Deoxygenated blood from the left atria moves to the left ventricle
- Q9** Which of the following describes the action of the gastrocnemius when it contracts eccentrically?
- a) The muscle shortens and the ankle plantar flexes
 - b) The muscle lengthens and the ankle plantar flexes
 - c) The muscle lengthens and the ankle dorsi flexes**
 - d) The muscle shortens and the ankle dorsi flexes
- Q10** Which of the following sections of the spine has the least range of motion?
- a) Lumbar
 - b) Thoracic
 - c) Sacral**
 - d) Cervical

Q11 Which of the following is an example of a flat bone?

- a) Ischium
- b) Patella
- c) Scapula**
- d) Clavicle

Q12 Which of the following describes gaseous exchange?

- a) Carbon dioxide diffuses from the pulmonary capillaries to be circulated around the body
- b) Oxygen in the alveoli diffuses into the pulmonary capillaries to be circulated around the body**
- c) Oxygen in the pulmonary capillaries diffuses into the alveoli to be expelled
- d) Carbon dioxide diffuses from the alveoli to the pulmonary capillaries to be expelled

Q13 Which of the following describes how exercise can enhance neuromuscular connections?

- a) It can increase the number of smaller motor units
- b) It can reduce the number of smaller motor units
- c) It can reduce the speed of nerve impulses
- d) It can increase the speed of nerve impulses**

Q14 Which of the following is a muscle associated with the pelvic floor?

- a) Coccygeus**
- b) Iliopsoas
- c) Gluteals
- d) Erector spinae

Q15 Which of the following should be encouraged with post-natal clients when first returning to exercise?

- a) Full sit-ups
- b) Heavy resistance training
- c) Strengthening pelvic floor muscles**
- d) High-impact training

Q16 Which of the following muscles is located anterior of the femur?

- a) Hamstrings
- b) Gluteals
- c) Tibialis anterior
- d) **Quadriceps**

Q17 Which of the following describes the trachea?

- a) It is the hollow tube that connects the larynx to the bronchioles
- b) **It is the hollow tube that connects the larynx to the bronchi**
- c) It is a hollow tube made of cancellous bone
- d) It is a hollow tube made of compact bone

Q18 Which of the following explains bone growth?

- a) **The bones cells that contribute to bone building are osteoblasts**
- b) The process of bone growth is dependent on dietary intake of vitamin C
- c) The process of bone growth is fully dependent on dietary intake of vitamin A
- d) The bones cells that contribute to bone building are osteoclasts

Q19 Which of the following describes the structure of veins?

- a) All veins carry deoxygenated blood
- b) **They have thinner, less-muscular walls than arteries**
- c) They have thicker, more-muscular walls than arteries
- d) All veins carry oxygenated blood

Q20 Which of the following describes the basic structure of skeletal muscle?

- a) Skeletal muscles consist of 50% water and 50% protein
- b) **Myosin and actin are the myofilaments within the sarcomere**
- c) The epimysium is a connective tissue that surrounds the sarcomere
- d) Skeletal muscles attach to bones via ligaments

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- Q21** Which of the following statements about joint classification is true?
- a) Slightly movable joints are fibrous
 - b) Freely moveable joints are cartilaginous
 - c) Immovable joints are fused**
 - d) Synovial joints are cartilaginous
- Q22** How does fluid intake aid the digestive process?
- a) It assists the contraction of muscles
 - b) It helps to regulate blood pressure
 - c) It helps to reduce constipation**
 - d) It optimises the function of the kidneys
- Q23** Which of the following statements about the structure of the heart is true?
- a) The ventricles are the smaller, superior chambers
 - b) The ventricles are the larger, inferior chambers**
 - c) The ventricles are the smaller, inferior chambers
 - d) The ventricles are the larger, superior chambers
- Q24** Which of the following muscles is located laterally to the spine?
- a) Obliques**
 - b) Pelvic floor
 - c) Rectus abdominus
 - d) Erector spinae
- Q25** Which of the following describes a principle of muscle contraction?
- a) Fixator muscles assist the contraction of the prime mover
 - b) Muscles work in pairs and the contracting muscle is the agonist**
 - c) Fixator muscles assist the contraction of the antagonist
 - d) Muscles work in pairs and the contracting muscle is the antagonist
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- Q26** The aerobic energy system is used for
- a) instantaneous bursts of activity lasting for just a few seconds
 - b) very quick bursts of high-intensity activity, lasting on average less than a minute
 - c) sustained activity lasting more than 90 s**
 - d) longer duration activities and exercise involving maximum efforts
- Q27** Which of the following statements about the structure of long bones is true?
- a) The diaphysis is formed of cancellous bone
 - b) The epiphysis is formed of compact bone
 - c) The growth plates adapt throughout the lifespan
 - d) The ends of a long bone are covered by hyaline cartilage**
- Q28** Which of the following are part of the systemic circulatory system?
- a) The left ventricle and the aorta**
 - b) The right ventricle and the pulmonary arteries
 - c) The right ventricle and the aorta
 - d) The left ventricle and the pulmonary arteries
- Q29** Which of the following describes the postural deviation hyperkyphosis?
- a) An excessive inward curve of the thoracic spine
 - b) An excessive outward curve of the lumbar spine
 - c) An excessive inward curve of the lumbar spine
 - d) An excessive outward curve of the thoracic spine**
- Q30** Which of the following describes pronation and supination?
- a) Pronation and supination are movements of the wrist joint
 - b) Pronation and supination are movements of the ankle joint
 - c) Pronation and supination are movements of the radioulnar joint**
 - d) Pronation and supination are movements of the hip joint

Sample Assessment

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Important! The form should be completed IN CAPITAL LETTERS using a BLACK ballpoint pen. Characters and marks used should be similar to:

A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T U V W X Y Z 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0

To select a checkbox:
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This candidate answer sheet must be used with a paper in the following structure:

30 Questions

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Site Code: SAM001/001 Assessment Date: 01/03/2018

Paper: Sample 4

Student: XXXXXX Sample 4

Q1 a b c d

Q2 a b c d

Q3 a b c d

Q4 a b c d

Q5 a b c d

Q6 a b c d

Q7 a b c d

Q8 a b c d

Q9 a b c d

Q10 a b c d

Q11 a b c d

Q12 a b c d

Q13 a b c d

Q14 a b c d

Q15 a b c d

Q16 a b c d

Q17 a b c d

Q18 a b c d

Q19 a b c d

Q20 a b c d

Q21 a b c d

Q22 a b c d

Q23 a b c d

Q24 a b c d

Q25 a b c d

Q26 a b c d

Q27 a b c d

Q28 a b c d

Q29 a b c d

Q30 a b c d

Invigilator Name (must be clearly printed)

Invigilator Signature (Please keep inside box)

Candidate Signature (Please keep inside box)

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