MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTION PAPER



Paper number: SAMPLE 2 Please ensure that this paper number is referenced on your candidate answer sheet	Time allocation: 45 minutes
Title: Level 2 Anatomy and Physic	logy
for Exercise and Fitness	0,
$l_{\text{potrustors}} (1/616/7000)$	

Instructors (K/616/7823) -Sample Assessment Materials

Student: XXXXXX Sample 2

Special Instructions:

This asample ssessment contains 30 multiple-choice questions. You need to correctly answer 21 out of 30 questions (70%) to pass.

Each question is worth one mark. You should select one response (a, b, c or d) for each question and record this on your answer sheet. **Please do not write on the question paper.**

Try to answer all questions and check your responses, if you have time to do so.

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- Q1 Which of the following gases diffuse into the alveoli to be expelled by the lungs?
 - a) Hydrogen
 - b) Carbon monoxide
 - c) Oxygen
 - d) Carbon dioxide
- Q2 Which of the following describes the movement potential and joint actions of the shoulder girdle?
 - a) Internal and external rotation are movements of the shoulder girdle
 - b) Pronation and supination are movements of the shoulder girdle
 - c) Retraction and protraction are movements of the shoulder girdle
 - d) Flexion and extension are movements of the shoulder girdle
- **Q3** Which of the following are part of the pulmonary circulatory system?
 - a) The left ventricle and the pulmonary arteries
 - b) The right ventricle and the aorta
 - c) The right ventricle and the pulmonary arteries
 - d) The left ventricle and the aorta
- Q4 Which of the following is a muscle associated with the pelvic floor?
 - a) Iliopsoas
 - b) Gluteals
 - c) Coccygeus
 - d) Erector spinae
- **Q5** Which of the following describes an isometric contraction?
 - a) The muscle contracts without changing length
 - b) The muscle contracts and shortens
 - c) The muscle relaxes without changing length
 - d) The muscle relaxes and lengthens

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- Q6 Which of the following describes how blood moves through the four chambers of the heart?
 - a) The right atrium receives oxygenated blood from the pulmonary arteries
 - b) The right atrium receives oxygenated blood from the pulmonary veins
 - c) The left atrium receives oxygenated blood from the pulmonary veins
 - d) The left atrium receives deoxygenated blood from the pulmonary arteries
- **Q7** Which of the following describes neutral spine alignment?
 - a) When the spine is in neutral alignment there is an exaggerated S-shaped curve
 - b) When the spine is in neutral alignment there is a mild S-shaped curve
 - c) When the spine is in neutral there is natural kyphosis of the lumbar and cervical spine
 - d) When the spine is in neutral there is natural lordosis of the thoracic and sacral spine
- **Q8** Which of the following correctly describes the structure of synovial joints?
 - a) The articular cartilage provides lubrication
 - b) Ligaments attach bone to bone
 - c) The synovial membrane prevents excessive movement
 - d) Muscles move joints via ligament attachment
- **Q9** Which of the following describes the bronchi?
 - a) They are extensions from the trachea that carry air into the lungs
 - b) They are the small air sacs where gaseous exchange takes place
 - c) They are extensions from the bronchioles that carry air into the lungs
 - d) They are the small air sacs at the end of the bronchioles
- **Q10** Which of the following should be encouraged with post-natal clients when first returning to exercise?
 - a) High-impact training
 - b) Heavy resistance training
 - c) Full sit-ups
 - d) Strengthening pelvic floor muscles

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Q11 The entire muscle is surrounded by a broad protective fibrous sheath called the

- a) epimysium
- b) endomysium
- c) myofibril
- d) sarcomere
- **Q12** Which of the following describes a function of the skeleton?
 - a) The long bones act as a levers for movement
 - b) The irregular bones act as strong attachment points for muscles
 - c) The short bones act as strong attachment points for muscles
 - d) The flat bones act as a levers for movement
- **Q13** How does fluid intake aid the digestive process?
 - a) It helps to regulate blood pressure
 - b) It optimises the function of the kidneys
 - c) It helps to reduce constipation
 - d) It assists the contraction of muscles
- Q14 Which of the following statements about synovial joints is true?
 - a) The hip is an example of a saddle joint
 - b) The elbow is an example of gliding joint
 - c) The knee is an example of a hinge joint
 - d) The shoulder is an example of a pivot joint
- **Q15** Which of the following describes how exercise can enhance neuromuscular connections?
 - a) It can increase the number of large motor units
 - b) It can reduce the speed of nerve impulses
 - c) It can increase the number of small motor units
 - d) It can improve the synchronous recruitment of motor units

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- **Q16** Which of the following describes a principle of muscle contraction?
 - a) Muscles work in pairs and the contracting muscle is the antagonist
 - b) Muscles work in pairs and the contracting muscle is the agonist
 - c) Fixator muscles assist the contraction of the antagonist
 - d) Fixator muscles assist the contraction of the prime mover
- **Q17** Which of the following statements about joint classification is true?
 - a) The lumbar spine is an example of a synovial joint
 - b) The ankle is an example of a freely moveable joint
 - c) The knee is an example of a cartilaginous joint
 - d) The thumb is an example of a cartilaginous joint
- **Q18** Which of the following describes motor unit recruitment?
 - a) Larger motor units are recruited first, then smaller motor units
 - b) If exercise intensity is low, only larger motor units will be recruited
 - c) Smaller motor units are recruited first, then larger motor units
 - d) If exercise intensity is high, only larger motor units will be recruited
- Q19 Which of the following statements about the structure of long bones is true?
 - a) The growth plates adapt throughout the lifespan
 - b) The diaphysis is formed of cancellous bone
 - c) The ends of a long bone are covered by hyaline cartilage
 - d) The epiphysis is formed of compact bone
- **Q20** Which of the following describes a function of skeletal muscle?
 - a) They contract and shorten to perform a role as an antagonist
 - b) They contract and shorten to perform a role as a prime mover
 - c) They relax and lengthen to perform a role as a synergist
 - d) They relax and lengthen to perform a role as a fixator

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- **Q21** Which of the following explains bone growth?
 - a) The bones cells that contribute to bone building are osteoblasts
 - b) The process of bone growth is dependent on dietary intake of vitamin C
 - c) The bones cells that contribute to bone building are osteoclasts
 - d) The process of bone growth is fully dependent on dietary intake of vitamin A
- **Q22** The aerobic energy system is used for
 - a) instantaneous bursts of activity lasting for just a few seconds
 - b) very quick bursts of high-intensity activity, lasting on average less than a minute
 - c) sustained activity lasting more than 90 s
 - d) longer duration activities and exercise involving maximum efforts
- **Q23** Which of the following is an example of a flat bone?
 - a) Ischium
 - b) Clavicle
 - c) Scapula
 - d) Patella
- Q24 Which of the following statements about the structure of the heart is true?
 - a) The atria have more muscular walls
 - b) The atria are largest chambers
 - c) The ventricles are the largest chambers
 - d) The ventricles have less muscular walls
- **Q25** Which of the following muscles is located laterally to the spine?
 - a) Erector spinae
 - b) Pelvic floor
 - c) Rectus abdominus
 - d) Obliques

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Q26 Which of the following is a superficial muscle located posterior to the femur?

- a) Quadriceps
- b) Soleus
- c) Hamstrings
- d) Adductors
- **Q27** Which of the following describes the function of the aorta?
 - a) It carries oxygenated blood to the heart
 - b) It carries deoxygenated blood to the heart
 - c) It carries deoxygenated blood to the lungs
 - d) It carries oxygenated blood to the body
- Q28 Which of the following describes gaseous exchange?
 - a) Carbon dioxide moves from the alveoli into the pulmonary capillaries to be circulated around the body
 - b) Carbon dioxide moves from the alveoli into the pulmonary capillaries to be expelled
 - c) Carbon dioxide moves from the pulmonary capillaries into the alveoli to be circulated around the body
 - d) Carbon dioxide moves from the pulmonary capillaries into the alveoli to be expelled
- Q29 Which of the following describes the postural deviation hyperkyphosis?
 - a) An excessive inward curve of the lumbar spine
 - b) An excessive outward curve of the thoracic spine
 - c) An excessive inward curve of the thoracic spine
 - d) An excessive outward curve of the lumbar spine
- **Q30** Which of the following statements about the nervous system is true?
 - a) Skeletal muscle contraction is controlled by the sympathetic nervous system
 - b) Skeletal muscle contraction is controlled by the parasympathetic nervous system
 - c) Blood pressure is controlled by the somatic system
 - d) Blood pressure is controlled by the autonomic system

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Important! The form should be completed IN CAPITAL LETTERS using a BLACK ballpoint pen. Characters and marks used should be similar to: A,B,C,D,E,F,G,H,I,J,K,L,M,N,O,P,Q,R,S,T,U,V,W,X,Y,Z,I,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,0, M or M

YMCA Awards Theory Paper

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This candidate answer sheet must be used with a paper in the following structure:

30 Questions

Q1	a 🗌	b 🗌	c 🗌	d 🗌	Q16	a 🗌	b 🗌	c 🗌	d 🗖
Q2	а 🗌	b 🗌	c 🗌	d 🗌	Q17	a 🗌	b 🗌	c 🗆	d 🔲
Q3	а 🗌	b 🗌	с 🗆	d 🗌	Q18	a 🗌	b 🗌	c 🗆	d 🔲
Q4	а 🗌	b 🗌	c 🗌	d 🗌	Q19	a 🗌	b 🗖	c 🗆	d 🗌
Q5	а 🗌	b 🗌	c 🗌	d 🗌	Q20	a 🗌	b 🗖	c 🗆	d 🗌
Q6	а 🗌	b 🗌	c 🗌	d 🗌	Q21	a 🔲	b 🗖	c 🗆	d 🗌
Q7	а 🗌	b 🗌	c 🗌	d 🗌	Q22	а 🔲	b 🗌	с 🗆	d 🗌
Q8	a 🗌	b 🗌	c 🗌	d 🗌	Q23	а 🔲	b 🗌	c 🗌	d 🗌
Q9	a 🗌	b 🗌	c 🗌	d 🗌	Q24	а 🗌	b 🗌	c 🗌	d 🗌
Q10	а 🗌	b 🗌	c 🗌	d 🗌	Q25	a 🗌	b 🗌	c 🗌	d 🗌
Q11	а 🗌	b 🗌	c 🗌	d 🔲	Q26	a 🗌	b 🗌	c 🗌	d 🗌
Q12	а 🗌	b 🗌	c 🗌	d 🗆	Q27	a 🗌	b 🗌	c 🗌	d 🗌
Q13	а 🗌	b 🗌	c 🗌	d 🗖	Q28	a 🗌	b 🗌	с 🗌	d 🗌
Q14	а 🗌	b 🗖	c 🗆	d 🗌	Q29	a 🗌	b 🗌	c 🗌	d 🗌
Q15	a 🗌	b 🗖	c 🗆	d 🗆	Q30	a 🗌	b 🗌	c 🗌	d 🗌

- Invigilator Name (must be clearly printed)

- Invigilator Signature (Please keep inside box) -

Candidate Signature (Please keep inside box)



